Autoclave Operation

Make sure lab items you want to sterilize are autoclavable.

Autoclave-Compatible	Autoclave-Incompatible
Tissue Culture Flasks	Acids, bases, and organic solvent
Surgical Instruments	Chlorides, sulphates
Glassware	Seawater
Pipette tips	Chlorine, hypochlorite, bleach
Media Solutions	Non-stainless steel
Animal food and bedding	Polystyrene (PS)
Waste	Polyethylene (PE)
Polypropylene (Secondary containers)	Low density (LDPE) and High density polyethylene (HDPE)

Gloves

Stainless steel

NEVER AUTOCLAVE:

- Flammable, reactive, corrosive, toxic, or radioactive materials
- Household bleach
- Any liquid in a sealed container
- Any material contained in such a manner that it touches the interior surfaces of the autoclave

Polyurethane

• Paraffin-embedded tissue

If you are not sure if something can be autoclaved, ask a fellow lab member.

Preparing Items for Autoclaving

Dry (Empty) Glassware

If you are sterilizing empty, dry glass labware, autoclave-safe plastic labware, foil-wrapped items, or any other non-liquid item, follow these steps:

- Glass bottles with caps- washed, air-dried completely, capped with cap half-loosened, place autoclave tape on top of lid.
- Plastic large centrifuge bottles with caps- washed, air-dried completely, capped with cap very loosely covering the opening and NOT tightened, place autoclave tape on top of lid.
- Glass test tubes with caps- washed, air-dried completely, capped firmly, put in non-labeled rack, place autoclave tape on front of rack.
- Plastic pipet reservoirs/basins- washed, air-dried completely, wrapped in heavy-duty aluminum foil with no exposed corners or edges, place one piece of autoclave tape on the whole batch only.
- Chunking spatulas or other glass/metal utensils- washed, air-dried completely, wrapped in aluminum foil with no exposed corners or edges, place one small piece of autoclave tape on each item.
- Glass or plastic containers with no lids (flasks, beakers, etc.)- washed, air-dried completely, covered in heavy-duty aluminum foil with no holes and aluminum hanging at least 1 inch over the edge of the opening, place autoclave tape on top of the foil cover.







Glassware Containing Liquids

If you are sterilizing liquids in a container with a lid (bottles & tubes) or covered with aluminum foil (glass flasks & beakers), follow the steps here:

- Glass bottles with caps containing liquid media, water, or buffers- liquid filled no more than container fill-line, capped with cap slightly-loosened one turn to prevent loss, place autoclave tape on top of lid.
- Glass bottles with caps containing liquid media with agar- liquid filled no more than HALF-VOLUME of the container, capped with cap slightly-loosened one turn to prevent loss, place autoclaved tape on top of lid.
- Glass test tubes with caps containing liquid media, liquid media with agar, water, or buffers- liquid filled no more than 3/3 full, capped firmly, put in labeled rack, place autoclave tape on front of the rack.
- Glass or plastic containers with NO LIDS containing liquid media, liquid media with agar, water or buffers (flasks, beakers, pitchers, etc.)- liquid filled no more than HALF-VOLUME of the container, covered in heavy-duty aluminum foil with no holes and aluminum hanging at least 1 inch over the edge of the opening, place autoclave tape on the side of the foil cover overlapping on the glass to secure the foil.

Autoclaving Items

*Wear heat-resistant gloves when handling anything inside autoclave

Steris Autoclave ("Autoclave 3" on sign-up, in the back of room)

- 1. Press the foot pedal to open the autoclave
 - a. don't need to hold down the pedal, and don't need to handle autoclave door.
- Slide the rack out to load items easier and then load items to be autoclaved.
 - All items should be loaded inside autoclave bins before placing inside autoclave.
- 3. Press the foot pedal to close the autoclave.
- 4. Press the "Select Cycle" tab on the screen.
- Select your desired cycle (**see notes at end for how to customize cycle times) for autoclaving.
 - a. "Gravity" cycles for non-liquid items
 - b. "Liquid" cycles for items containing liquid

^{*}Try not to press any extraneous buttons

- 6. Press the "Start" tab on the screen.
- 7. Record use/name in the #3 binder on the bench behind the autoclave (on the counter by the brooms).
- 8. When the cycle is complete (screen will tell you how much time is left and when cycle is complete), press the foot pedal to open the autoclave.
- 9. Use the **heat resistant gloves** to remove the items.
- 10. Press the foot pedal to close the autoclave.

Primus Autoclave ("New Autoclave" on sign-up, in the front of room)

- 1. Pull the door down forcefully but without slamming it down (it's heavy) and load items.
 - a. All items loaded inside autoclave bins before placing inside autoclave.
- 2. Close the door by pulling up slowly.
- 3. **Follow the printed instructions** on the **left side** of the autoclave.
 - a. "Gravity" cycles for non-liquid items
 - b. "Liquid" cycles for items containing liquid
 - c. Instructions will tell you how to choose the number for your cycle
- 4. Record your use/name in the log binder behind the autoclave.
- 5. When the cycle is complete, use **heat resistant gloves** to remove your items.
- 6. Close the door almost all of the way but leave a small crack open.

- 1. Press "Main Menu"
- 2. Press "Options"
- 3. Choose "Cycles" (the sheet of paper will move here don't worry about it)
- 4. Select the cycle you want to change
- 5. Keep "Gravity" cycles as "Gravity", and "Liquids" as "Liquids"
 - a. There should always be two "Gravity"s and two "Liquid"s
- 6. Once you see screen of the cycle you're changing, press "Ster. Time"
- 7. Type in new time
 - a. For instance, if you want a sterilization time of 30 minutes, type in 00:30:00
- 8. Press "Return" when done
- 9. Press "Cycle Menu" to access the cycles again

^{**}How to customize cycle times for on Steris/Autoclave 3: